FILED

JUL 3 0 2013

1	Jim Ruby, Executive Secretary Environmental Quality Council	0001
1	BEFORE THE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY	
2	LAND QUALITY DIVISION	
3		
4	HEARING TO DISCUSS PROPOSED REVISIONS TO CHAPTERS 9 AND	
5	10	
6		
7		
8		
9	TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING PROCEEDINGS	
10		
11	Transcript of Hearing Proceedings in the above-	
12	entitled matter before the Department of Environmental	
13	Quality, Land Quality Division, commencing on the 25th	
14	day of March, 2013 at 10:10 a.m. at the Oil and Gas	
15	Conservation Commission Hearing Room, 2211 King	
16	Boulevard, Casper, Wyoming, Mr. Jim Gampetro presiding,	
17	with Board Members Mr. Robert Green, Mr. Jim Skeen,	
18	Mr. Jay Collins and Mr. Michael Shober in attendance.	
19	Also in attendance were Ms. Nancy Nuttbrock,	
20	Administrator of the LQD, Mr. Craig Hults of the LQD,	
21	Mr. Robin Jones of the LQD, Mr. Mark Moxley of the LQD	
22	and Mr. Mark Rogaczewski of the LQD.	
23	In attendance from the public were	
24	Ms. Laura Ackerman, Ms. Shannon Anderson, Mr. Ron Gossard	
25	and Mr. Jonathan Downing.	

PROCEEDINGS 1 2 (Hearing proceedings commenced 10:10 a.m., March 25, 2013.) 3 CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: If we could go around 4 and everyone introduce themselves and whom they 5 represent. We can start in the back. 6 7 MR. GOSSARD: I'm Ron Gossard with FMC 8 Corporation. 9 MR. DOWNING: John Downing, Wyoming 10 Contractors Association. MS. ANDERSON: Shannon Anderson with 11 12 Powder River Basin Resource Council. 13 MS. ACKERMAN: Laura Ackerman with Cloud 14 Peak Energy. 15 MR. HULTS: Craig Hults with Land Quality 16 Division. 17 MS. NUTTBROCK: Good morning. I'm Nancy Nuttbrock, the administrator of Land Quality Division. 18 19 MR. JONES: Robin Jones with District 1 20 Land Quality Division. 21 MR. MOXLEY: Mark Moxley. I'm the Lander 22 district supervisor for the Land Quality Division. 23 MR. ROGACZEWSKI: Mark Rogaczewski, supervisor in District 3 out of Sheridan for Land Quality 24 25 Division.

MR. GREEN: Bob Green. I'm the industry 1 2 representative, but I'm also with Cloud Peak Energy. 3 MR. SKEEN: Jim Skeen. I'm a public 4 representative. 5 CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: Jim Gampetro. And I'm a public representative. 6 7 MR. COLLINS: Jay Collins. I'm the ag 8 representative. MR. SHOBER: Micky Shober, a Campbell 9 10 County commissioner. I'm the public elected official 11 representative. 12 CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: Okay. Let's see. 13 What do we have on the agenda today? Do we have any introductory things from Craig today, or are we going to 14 15 go right into the package? Or what would you like to do, 16 Nancy? 17 MS. NUTTBROCK: I'd like to say a few 18 things, if that would be okay. 19 CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: Go right ahead. 20 MS. NUTTBROCK: First of all, I'd like to 21 welcome to the Land Quality Division Advisory Board Mike Shober. Welcome to the group. We look forward to 22 23 working with you. 24 MR. SHOBER: Thank you. 25 MS. NUTTBROCK: I'd also like to introduce

Robin Jones. He's the new District 1 supervisor out of
 Cheyenne. So certainly welcome Robert's expertise in his
 new role, also.

So just to say a few words about what we're 4 going to talk about today. This is a result of a lot of 5 6 work over the past six months with the Wyoming 7 Contractors Association and through the legislative session with Shannon and her group from the PRBRC and 8 9 also the legislative body working through a House bill 10 and a Senate file that is -- that results in changes in 11 noncoal Chapters 9 and 10 that we'll discuss today.

12 But I'd really like to show appreciation for 13 the work that's occurred over the past six months. We 14 sat down with Jonathan's group back in October. And I 15 believe we spoke about this leading into that meeting. 16 There was a good exchange of ideas and a real 17 collaborative understanding of what the operators were 18 facing and what we as regulators were facing. And we 19 came to some agreements that resulted in good 20 conversation with the legislative session through those sponsors. And PRBRC and Shannon and her folks were able 21 22 to work through some amendments and also insert some 23 things that we'll show you today.

24 But really, this was a good process. And I 25 think that, from Jonathan's perspective, at least from

1 what I understand, the changes that you'll see today were 2 things that happened in various discussions over the past 3 five or six years. And we finally sat down and have taken them to a point where you're seeing them close to 4 their final point. The legislation becomes effective 5 6 July 1st of this year. So we'll be looking toward 7 promulgating these changes in our rules rather quickly. 8 So, that being said, thank you again for the 9 work over the past six months. And we'll turn it over to 10 Craig.

11 MR. HULTS: So today I have another rule 12 package before you. It's going to be Chapters 9 and 10, 13 something some of you have seen recently, I think maybe two meetings ago or so. Just launch into it. I've got a 14 15 little PowerPoint. This package is small enough that I 16 think throughout it will be a little bit different. I'm 17 going to talk about some of the language as we go through 18 the PowerPoint, and then I'd like to follow it up with 19 the statement of reasons and just catch some of the 20 smaller things that may not be in the PowerPoint itself. 21 So, like Nancy said, this is in response to 22 changes to the Environmental Quality Act that just went 23 through this last session. This will be Chapter 9 with the small mines and Chapter 10. The legislation's going 24 to be effective on July 1st of 2013. So our efforts here 25

are kind of just to follow along behind it so we'll have regulations in place that will match the legislation, and we'll be pretty timely about doing that. So I think that will work out good. We're hoping to get to a July EQC hearing, where we're set up right now. We couldn't quite make a May one. Public notice requirements are issued for July.

8 So the two legislative changes, the first one 9 was what's entitled now Enrolled Act Number 104. It was 10 originally House Bill 55. This deals with the small 11 mines. The changes that were made there were they 12 increased the amount of overburden, the limitation that was on there, from 10,000 to 35,000 cubic yards. They 13 14 excluded the topsoil from the overburden limitation and also excluded roads used to access the mining operation 15 16 from that ten-acre limitation that's placed on small 17 mines. And that ten acres is an annual limit. And they 18 also clarified the roads are included in the permit and 19 bonded for reclamation. So, annually, you can do your 20 ten acres of disturbance, but those roads won't be 21 included in that if you're expanding and need further 22 access or things like that.

The second part of it was Enrolled Act Number 19, which is Senate File 27 as it was proposed. This one deals with the limited mining operations. In here, they

1 expanded the effective -- effective land limitation to ten acres. Previously -- or, to fifteen acres. I'm 2 3 sorry. Previously it was ten acres. And that is not an annual limit. That is the full scope of it. Again, the 4 access roads were excluded from that size limitation. 5 6 They also added a requirement to notify the LQD of the 7 proposed operation 30 days in advance of commencing operation. Previously it was the -- the statute just 8 9 read that they had to provide notice. So they added this 10 30-day time frame there. 11 Another addition was that they added a 12 requirement for mailing a copy of that notification, 13 which would be sent to Nancy, or our Division, to all the 14 surface owners within one mile of the proposed operation. 15 Some other changes that were related to the 16 limited mining operation, now there's a setback 17 requirement if there is -- if the proposed operation is 18 within 300 feet of any existing occupied dwelling or 19 building, certain land uses, like a cemetery or park or 20 things like that, it will require landowner consent. The 21 bond was also increased. Previously it was \$1,000 per 22 acre with an additional \$100 that could have been tacked 23 on after the operation had started.

24 So now the bond amount for these limited mining 25 operations will be 2,000 per acre for most operations,

1 and then it will be \$3,000 per acre for quarry. When I 2 mentioned the \$100, what they have now is they've 3 expanded the administrator's discretion to increase that bond amount based on the situation on the ground. If 4 there was something that would require a lot more to 5 6 reclaim above and beyond that \$2,000, the administrator 7 then has the discretion to raise that within 90 days of the -- or after 90 days of operation once they've 8 9 commenced operation. 10 And then there was a small change to Section 11 35-11-417. That's our bonding section of the statute. Basically, it was just a clarification, cleaned up some 12 13 of the language. There was a sentence that ran on for 14 about a paragraph, all the additions over time, so cleaned some of that up. 15 16 CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: Craig, I have a 17 question. 18 MR. HULTS: Certainly. 19 CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: How did we come up 20 with the 100 yards, 300 feet from an occupied dwelling? 21 I assume your language means that the people occupying 22 that dwelling, that landowner --23 MR. HULTS: Yeah. Uh-huh. 24 CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: -- would be the one 25 that would have to agree to this. And the 100 yards, I'm 1 just wondering how we came up with that.

2	MR. HULTS: It's a fairly consistent
3	distance with like our coal program. And I believe the
4	intent was just to kind of mirror that. So the coal
5	program has that in there. I believe the small mines
6	already have that in there, as well. So I guess just
7	consistency's sake.
8	CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: I guess I'm just
9	thinking how I'd feel about it if somebody wanted to plop
10	down a gravel pit or something 300 feet from my house.
11	MR. HULTS: Yeah. And like the coal
12	program, that's been there for quite a while. Small
13	mine, as well. I don't know where those original figures
14	came from. But just for consistency, I think they stuck
15	with that.
16	MR. MOXLEY: Mr. Chairman, that 300 feet
17	is actually in the statute. It's been in the statute for
18	a long time. It's in 35-11-406(m). And it says the
19	administrator let me see here if I can capture this.
20	It says, the director shall not deny a permit except for
21	one of the following reasons. And one of the reasons is
22	the affected land lies within 300 feet of an existing
23	occupied dwelling, et cetera. So that statute has been
24	in there for quite a long time. It never has applied to
25	limited mines, but it certainly applies to large mines

1 and permitted mine sites.

2	CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: Okay. Thank you.
3	MR. HULTS: So then I thought we could
4	just talk about the actual changes to the rules that
5	we're proposing today. Again, we're increasing the
6	annual overburden limit to 35,000 yards, excluding
7	topsoil. The smaller text I'm hoping you can read
8	that is the proposed change that we have. It also
9	removes the roads from that ten-acre annual disturbance.
10	And so you can see we've gone from 10,000 to 35,000 cubic
11	yards. We exclude topsoil. And this language pretty
12	much mirrors the statutory language that was enacted
13	during this last legislative session.
14	There was also in Section 1 of Chapter 9, we
15	removed some redundant language. There was just a
16	description of what a small mine was. Further down in
17	the section, we've already defined that, so we've just
18	removed that.
19	In Section 2 we added the requirement that
20	roads are included in the permit and must be bonded for
21	reclamation liability. Again, this mirrors the statute,
22	and the language is there. Again, we'll go through the
23	statement of reasons if there's further discussion or
24	needs to be.

25 Also in Chapter 9, Section 7, we added the

1 limitation-and-exclusion language, similar to the 2 beginning in Section 1. That's the 35,000 yards and the 3 ten acres. I just added the ten in there. Sorry. And again, excluding the roads used to access the mining 4 operation. So this is a very similar change to what 5 6 Section 1 has. And that was for small mines. 7 For limited mines, which is our Chapter 10, in 8 Section 1 we've added the requirement that the 9 notification to the LQD must be provided 30 days in 10 advance of commencing operations. We've increased the 11 affected land limitation to fifteen acres from ten. And 12 again here, they've excluded the access roads from the 13 size limitation in the statute. And we've mirrored that. 14 Also did a little bit of cleanup on the language. We had 15 some of the run-on sentences, as well. 16 So, more in Section 1. These were things that 17 we had in our notification. It's basically our form that 18 is sent in from the operator. Within the chapter, we 19 spelled out what was required of that notification. And 20 we've removed the start and end dates from the notification requirements. There wasn't a lot of value 21 22 there. It was kind of a floating kind of target, and it 23 was hard to nail down based on needs for materials, 24 financials for the companies themselves. So we've 25 removed that from our form and from our regulations.

1 We've also removed the requirement to provide a 2 description of the mining methods on the notification 3 form. Previously the form had a description of basically what a normal small or limited mining operation is. It's 4 a small surface mine. We didn't ask that the operator 5 6 include any information. It was just merely a statement. 7 So we've removed that from the form and also our 8 regulations. We've updated the size limitation. Wherever 9 it said ten acres, it now says fifteen acres. And 10 because we removed some of those sections, we had to 11 update the section headers to correspond with those 12 changes. 13 Also in Section 1, this is the requirement to provide surface owners within one mile of the proposed 14

15 boundary of the LMO a copy of the notification. That 16 notification's our basic form that we get. That must be 17 provided 30 days, also, to the landowners before 18 commencing operations. We also detail requirements to 19 the landowners -- or, surface owners. I get caught up in 20 that one -- to the surface owners. For the notification 21 to the surface owners, we'd be requiring that form, that 22 we get a copy of the map of the proposed operation and 23 then the name, postal address and phone number of the 24 operator. In preparation of moving forward with these 25 regulations, we've created a sample template for

1 operators to send out just a cover letter. And that will
2 include this kind of information.

3 Moving to Section 2, we added a revised bond amount of 2,000 per acre or 3,000 per acre for the 4 quarries. We have some comments that we received. And 5 6 we'll talk about this section a little more. There is a further discussion about the administrator's discretion 7 to raise that if need be if the reclamation costs are not 8 9 going to match that \$2,000 or \$3,000. But we'll talk 10 about that a little later.

11 And again, we've added the roads used to access 12 the mining operation are included in the acreage total 13 when calculating the bond amounts.

14 In Section 4, we added the requirement, and this is the landowner's consent now, must be obtained if 15 an operation is going to be within three feet -- or, 300 16 17 feet of an existing occupied dwelling. The way it reads, 18 and this is the way a statute reads, is an occupied 19 dwelling, a home, a public building, a school, church, 20 community or institutional building, a park or cemetery, 21 unless that landowner consent has been obtained.

In Section 6 we had -- our form was called Form because of the ten-acre size. We're moving away from that. It no longer makes sense and is a bit outdated. What we'll probably refer to it as is a limited mining operation notification. And in Section 8, we also
 updated that size to fifteen acres. Wherever there is a

reference to ten acres, that's now fifteen acres.

3

And these are some changes that are related 4 that we'll be moving forward with. We've revised their 5 6 form, as I discussed before, to remove those start and 7 end dates. We've updated the bonding information. The bonding, as we're moving forward, it's likely that some 8 9 of these existing operations may want to jump up to that 10 fifteen acres. The bond amounts on those new acres will 11 be the new statutory limits, but they'll be bonded for 12 those previous acres at what they were in the past. So 13 our form can account for that. And then we've also 14 developed the sample notification for the surface owners. 15 Those are basically the changes related to the 16 statutes. From here, we'll add revisions or update the 17 statement of reasons as necessary based on any 18 discussions we have today and then proceed to formal 19 rule-making with the EQC. We're hoping for that July 20 date. And hopefully it would be October-ish if the full 75 days for review from the governor's office would be 21 22 used. It would be filed with the Secretary of State. So 23 a couple months behind, but that's pretty good, I think. 24 We'll be able to move forward.

25 So next I'd like to actually jump into the

1 statement of reasons. We can see that language a little 2 bit better as we go through. And please feel free if you 3 have any questions, comments. MR. GREEN: Mr. Chairman, I just have one 4 very brief question, if I might. I apologize. I meant 5 6 to go back into the rules and regs and see if quarry was 7 defined. Is it? MR. HULTS: It is not. 8 9 MR. GREEN: I didn't think it was. Are 10 there plans -- since the bonding differentiation is 11 there, are there plans to define it? 12 MS. NUTTBROCK: Could I answer that, 13 Mr. Chairman? I could try to answer that. We've had a lot of discussion about that. We spoke to the 14 contractors about the need to recognize those instances 15 16 where it's clearly not a traditional LMO, but where there 17 might be high walls to deal with or where there might be 18 significantly more reclamation liability to deal with. 19 But we don't have an instance or a definition for a 20 quarry at this point in time. 21 I think it's appropriate for us to proceed in a 22 fashion that's not so dissimilar from the way we've 23 handled it in the past. We've had \$1,000 per acre for any type of this sort of operation. And the way I'd like 24 25 to proceed is using that \$2,000 per acre for a typical

1 type, and then when an instance is so unique or so 2 different, then we have a couple of different options. 3 We could look at that in terms of whether or not it fits 4 a general description of a quarry, or we could use the other avenue, in that there is now administrator's 5 6 discretion to adjust and work with that operator to get 7 the bond amount set at the appropriate amount. 8 And if at some point in the future we want to 9 insert a language -- or, insert a definition for a 10 quarry, we could do so at that point in time. But I'd 11 kind of like to proceed with -- in the fashion that we 12 have in the past, because it seemed to have worked. 13 CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: When we get around to 14 voting on this package that's before us, would it be wise 15 to have that motion be contingent upon later definition 16 and our approval of that definition of quarry? 17 MS. NUTTBROCK: In terms of when we might

18 proceed with a definition, I was speaking to my staff 19 over the past few months about this, and I wonder if it 20 would be more appropriate to wait until a point where we might have some examples of -- say if, in the next few 21 22 years, we find that because we have this option now to 23 look at a difference between a \$2,000 operation and a \$3,000-per-acre operation, we have some need and some 24 25 basis to craft a workable definition within our rule,

1 that we do so at that point in time.

2	I'm not proposing that we do so right now or as
3	a part of this rule package. But wait and utilize those
4	rules, put them on the ground and work with our operating
5	community to see if, in fact, we need a definition and
6	what that definition might be.
7	CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: I'm not asking that we
8	have that definition immediately. What I'm saying,
9	though, is that if we are asked to vote on this package
10	and we don't have a definition to, in that vote, indicate
11	that a future definition still has to be approved.
12	MS. NUTTBROCK: We could certainly
13	would it be your intent, then, to have that would it
14	be your intent to have that definition inserted somehow
15	prior to going forward at the July EQC hearing or at some
16	point in the future, years in the future or months in the
17	future, Mr. Gampetro?
18	CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: I'm not implying that
19	we do either of those. I'm just saying that when we
20	approve this package as it stands now, that a comment be
21	placed in there that this is approved pending a future
22	definition of what a quarry is. Because we're approving
23	a package with a term in it that's undefined.
24	MS. NUTTBROCK: I could certainly I
25	could certainly see where that would be that might be

1 something to consider. Some language that you might 2 consider, Chairman, is approving this rule package and 3 making notes in your approval that might suggest that we take a look at this at some point in the future. And it 4 might be good for the board to consider working with the 5 6 staff to come up with a definition at some point when we 7 kind of know what those sideboards are going to be and what that definition might look like. 8 9 CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: Something to that 10 effect would seem appropriate. 11 MS. NUTTBROCK: Okay. Everybody happy 12 with that approach? 13 MR. GREEN: Yes. 14 MR. HULTS: So, jumping into Chapter 9, 15 some of these things we've discussed. Here in Section 1, 16 this is the 35,000 cubic yards of overburden addition, 17 which mirrors the statute. And the way the statute reads 18 is excluding topsoil. We've tried to mirror the 19 statutory language as much as possible, added just a 20 little bit of grammatical correction and also added the 21 exclusion that roads used to access the mining operation 22 are not included within that ten-acre limitation per 23 year. And please feel free if you have any questions or anything. 24

25 In subsection (d), this was where we removed

that redundant language. We just pulled out what the 1 2 previous definition of a small mine was. Now it just 3 reads, prior to the commencement of a small surface mining operation, an application needs to be submitted. 4 We've just removed that. 5 Under Section 2, which is the adjudication 6 7 information, we added a sentence describing the roads 8 used to access a small mining operation are included in 9 the permit and bonded for reclamation liability. 10 Again in Section 7, this is dealing with 11 conversion from a small mine to a regular mine. We just 12 updated those limitations and exclusions to match the 13 previous part in statutory language. And those are the 14 changes for the small mine. Pretty discrete and follow 15 the statutory language. 16 In Chapter 10, which is our limited mining 17 operations, the chapter title is updated for the 18 fifteen-acre limitation now. In subsection (1)(a) we've 19 added the requirement that the notification that is sent 20 to the administrator must be provided at least 30 days prior to the commencement of that operation. We've 21 22 updated that to fifteen acres from ten. We've excluded 23 the access roads used to access that LMO and just

24 clarified some language, split up a sentence.

25 Here are some of the -- the first one, anyway,

1 this section is still about the forms. So what's on that 2 notice and notification, we've removed the proposed 3 commencement and completion dates of the operation. 4 Again, it didn't have much value in our administration 5 and oversight of these types of operations.

6 Some of the changes to the topo map that they 7 would provide, we've removed that Form 10 discussion or 8 just a cite to -- we no longer call it a Form 10, or 9 won't be moving forward -- and clarified that that's the 10 notification that's submitted to the administrator, which 11 the statute required. We've updated the size limitation 12 where appropriate to fifteen acres. We also added a 13 clarification that the roads that are used to access the 14 limited mining operation from the point where they 15 provide exclusive service, they will be covered by a 16 reclamation bond, but they're not included in that 17 fifteen-acre limitation. So they could have fifteen 18 acres of disturbance, plus those roads, and all of that 19 acreage has to be covered by the bond.

20 Some minor revisions just updating section 21 headers. Subsection (d), as I described, we removed that 22 description of the mining operations and methods. It's 23 fairly consistent throughout. And again, we had to 24 update section headers. We've added a new subsection 25 (b). This is the notification to the surface owners 1 located within one mile of the proposed boundary of the 2 limited mining operation. And we've detailed what needs 3 to be included in that notification.

4 The first thing is a copy of the notification, 5 which is our form that is submitted to the administrator. 6 So a copy of that form, a copy of the map that's 7 described in the chapter that is also submitted initially 8 with their application, and then the name, postal address 9 and telephone number of the operator. And again, these 10 mirror the statutory language.

11 In this section here, what we had originally 12 sent to you guys had the text that was in the black text 13 in Section 2. We received comments on that. And I guess 14 probably now would be an appropriate time to open that up. So the comment was the -- the statutory language 15 16 continues on. This red language is the continuation 17 where the administrator has discretion to increase that 18 bond above the \$2,000 and \$3,000 limits. It's within 90 19 days after the LMO has commenced operation. And it 20 requires the operator to post that bond no later than 30 21 days after receipt of such notification.

And so this is in response to Powder River Basin comments that we received. We've just added the additional language that was included in the statute. And our hope is that that will address the comments. So,

1 as we're moving forward with this, we would be adding that language to what you were originally provided with. 2 3 MR. GREEN: Mr. Chairman, could I ask a brief question? 4 5 Craig, and again, I didn't check the website, 6 but this modification was posted on the website? 7 MR. HULTS: No. I just got the comments a 8 couple days ago. So this was in anticipation of that. 9 It will be updated, of course. But this, I just -- when 10 did I get them? Wednesday, I guess. 11 MR. GREEN: And the reason I'm asking is 12 because folks that might have had an interest in that 13 change wouldn't have seen it, wouldn't be aware of that 14 prior to this meeting. So that's why I asked. 15 MR. HULTS: I guess my response to that 16 would be I think I would have let whoever come with those 17 comments in person or send them off to us and provide 18 them here at that moment. But we don't generally bring a 19 response to comments. Just got them a couple days 20 before. And so, in preparation of that. 21 MR. GREEN: Yeah. And I do understand 22 that part. I'm just thinking that if there was someone 23 who was an industry that had an interest in this would 24 not have been aware of this change in the rules prior to 25 this meeting. That's all. Prior to the proposal.

1 MR. HULTS: And I would also state that 2 that's a direct mirror of the statutory language. We 3 didn't include it originally, I guess oversight, possibly. We did have discussions about it. And so I 4 guess that language will be out there whether this is 5 there or not. We will certainly make that change in the 6 statement of reasons as we move forward if we decide to 7 8 adopt that language and make sure that that's noticed. 9 MS. NUTTBROCK: Chairman, and Mr. Green, 10 this is language that's in -- it's in the legislation. 11 It's something that we would enact come July 1st, 12 anyways. It was something that we had inadvertently 13 missed in pasting into our statement of reasons. 14 So, certainly, Shannon, good catch on that. But we pasted it in there. And it's not as if it's 15 16 discretionary at this point because it's in statute. So 17 I think it's appropriate to mirror it exactly in our 18 rules as it exists going forward in the enrolled act as 19 it stands. 20 MR. GREEN: And I have no concerns with it being in there. I just am concerned about the 21 22 information that was available to the folks prior to this 23 meeting, versus what's actually going to be moving 24 forward. 25 MS. NUTTBROCK: And there are some

1 instances where we find ourselves noticing this meeting, 2 and typically we receive comments the last couple of days 3 prior to the meeting. So we want to come prepared to address the comments that we've received and be able to 4 talk about them in public. And sometimes the timing 5 6 isn't perfect. Now, if it was an instance where we were 7 adding something that wasn't already statutorily 8 mandated, then it might be up to the board to either send 9 us back and renotice that. That would be certainly your 10 call, Chairman and board. 11 MR. GREEN: And just for clarity, I'm not 12 suggesting that. Appreciate it. 13 MR. SHOBER: Mr. Chairman, I notice in this that there's two different amounts for reclamation 14 15 costs. And it refers to quarries. Could you maybe help 16 me understand why there's a thousand dollar jump per acre 17 in reclamation cost? 18 MS. NUTTBROCK: Certainly. We can talk 19 about that. And there's some instances within the 20 various districts that might lend itself to some better explanation. But that was the question that Mr. Green 21 22 posed just a few minutes ago. And the way -- the way it 23 had been in the past is we had a thousand dollars an acre for any type of operation. And it was recognized that in 24 25 some instances, maybe the State would be better protected

1 if there was an option to look at those quarry-type
2 higher high walls that needed to be reclaimed and might
3 require possibly some blasting to knock them down. You
4 know, any number of instances might exist where the
5 administrator might want some discretion to better cover
6 the State's risk in the form of a reclamation bond.

7 This was something that we talked about with 8 industry, and it was reasonable to them. And when we 9 began talking about it amongst our staff, it was -- it 10 immediately got a little bit confusing in terms of, do we 11 want to have a rigid definition and impose an increase in 12 bond amount on a small portion of an operation that might 13 have some characteristics that resemble the quarry, such 14 that an operator would be in a position to, if they had a -- and keep in mind, they're bonding the road at this 15 16 amount, too.

17 So, if you had a small portion of your 18 operation that might resemble or have some quarry type of 19 characteristics, would it be reasonable for us to impose 20 a \$3,000 bond amount on that entire acreage, or would it be more appropriate to realize a \$2,000 bond? And if 21 22 there were instances where we were particularly 23 concerned, we have some other latitude within the statute 24 to say we'd like to have additional bond because of this 25 feature that we see.

1 Now, when I -- I spoke earlier. We'd like to 2 utilize these rules and see how -- see how this works on 3 the ground. And as I suggested before, if you'd like for us to consider at some point in the future how is this 4 working with the split amount, and is it necessary to 5 6 draw some definitions around what a quarry type might be? 7 Gentlemen, do you have some examples that might lend this conversation to what it looks like on the 8 9 ground? 10 MR. MOXLEY: Mr. Chairman, we have very 11 few examples, actually, of quarries that are permitted as 12 limited mines. You know, we do have quarries, obviously, 13 but they're all permitted as mine permits. They're not 14 falling under this limited mine notification process. 15 I guess one of the concepts with this limited 16 mine notification is that there's a preset bond amount, 17 so the operator knows how much bond he has to provide 18 with his notification. In the past it's been \$1,000 an 19 acre. And we're jumping up to 2,000, with the proviso 20 that if it's a quarry, then he should provide 3,000. 21 I guess, in my view, a quarry is a hard-rock 22 situation where you have vertical high walls. Maybe 23 blasting is involved, maybe benching, a benched high wall type of a scenario, which would obviously cost more to 24 25 reclaim. But again, we don't have a real history of that

1 under the limited mine notification process. So, like 2 Nancy said, I think we are sort of feeling our way here, 3 at least initially. You know, I think we all have kind 4 of a mental picture of what a quarry might look like, but there is no operating definition. So, if an operator is 5 6 proposing a quarry, you know, the statute kind of says he should post a bond of \$3,000 an acre. But there's no 7 definition. So we'll see how that works, I guess. 8

9 MS. NUTTBROCK: I can offer a little bit 10 more perspective, also. When we started working with the 11 contractors association about the changes that they found 12 necessary, we certainly had an opportunity to talk with 13 them about our concerns about bonding these at a thousand 14 dollars an acre. We were concerned that -- and we wanted 15 \$2,000 an acre and \$3,000 an acre to cover the State in 16 those instances, those rare instances where we have an 17 LMO that resembles a quarry.

18 So that was amenable to both parties and seemed 19 reasonable. And when the -- when this concept was being 20 sponsored through the legislative session, an amendment was proposed -- and, Shannon, I think this is a PRBRC 21 22 amendment -- where it used to be that the administrator 23 had the discretion to add another hundred dollars an acre to cover those instances where the State thought they may 24 25 be more at risk. The language that you see up there in

1 red gives the administrator more discretion beyond a 2 hundred dollars to cover the State in those instances. 3 So it's almost as if we had -- we had concerns and wanted to cover the State's risk early on in our 4 process when we were talking to Jonathan. And we said, 5 6 okay, is it reasonable to say \$2,000 an acre for those 7 typical situations, and then for those that resemble a quarry, let's bond them at \$3,000 an acre, when I think, 8 9 by amendment, that's kind of what Shannon and the Powder 10 River Basin Resource Council was trying to do. 11 So, in my mind, the State is certainly covered 12 by having the option to go to \$3,000 if it looks like a 13 quarry, or the administrator has the discretion to increase that amount. So I think we were -- we were 14 intending to cover the State in kind of the same way. 15 16 It's just the -- so we're covered. 17 MR. GREEN: Mr. Chairman? 18 CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: Go ahead, Mr. Green. 19 MR. GREEN: Might I suggest that -- since 20 I was the one who passed the first question, might I 21 suggest maybe a brief explanation of the value of having 22 that flexibility? If that were to be described in the 23 introduction of the statement of reasons, I think that 24 would be helpful. I think that that would -- that that 25 would provide a historic basis for folks to go back to

you and say, why isn't there a definition of quarry? It at least would be in the record, and it would not hold up the process. It would also provide the Agency with the flexibility that you're after for determining what in the field should constitute a quarry.

6 CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: I see the problem as 7 up front in the developing of the plan for this small mine situation or quarry, actually knowing if that's 8 9 what's going to develop, how deep you're going to have to 10 go. Are there going to be high walls? Are they going to 11 be rock high walls? Does one really know that up front 12 when we're bonding and when we're planning this 13 operation, when the contractor's planning the operation? That would seem to me -- because it's language that 14 15 simply said two to three thousand dollars an acre 16 depending on the -- and not trying to define quarry --17 depending on the situation, when you really don't know 18 what the situation is going to be.

19 There was a gravel pit, gravel mine placed 20 outside of Buffalo that started off, it didn't have any 21 high walls. It does now. And it's a pretty deep hole. 22 And so you don't really know, it would seem to me --23 somebody correct me -- what you're going to get when you 24 start one of these things. And putting the discretion in 25 there, that's even problematic, because how do you know 1 how much to bond for up front if you don't know what's

2 really going to occur? Any answers to that? 3 MR. ROGACZEWSKI: Mr. Chairman, I think you're correct. It's a limited -- it is a limited mining 4 operation, not small, that we're talking about here. I 5 6 know that's the nomenclature, but we do -- but we will 7 not know what they're planning to do. We do not require 8 them to tell us how deep they're going to go. It is a 9 surficial disturbance of fifteen acres, plus the road. 10 So we will not know if they plan on going 30 foot deep. 11 Even with a gravel pit, we do not know that until we get 12 on the site and we actually start doing our inspections. 13 As long as they're within what would be now a 14 fifteen-acre footprint and they want to go 300 foot deep, 15 they can do that. 16 CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: Let me ask you this. 17 The bonding process, can it be reentered when that 18 occurs? The actual bonding, can the bonding be increased 19 at that point? 20 MR. ROGACZEWSKI: My understanding is no, not at this time. It's per acre. It's not like a small 21 22 mine, as Mark said earlier, a permitted site. We have 23 the right to go through every annual report and analyze 24 those on a small mine, a regular mine, coal mine, whatever it might be. But not with a limited mining 25

operation. It's locked in. And my understanding of the 1 2 rule -- this new rule or reg or statute is, if we don't raise it within the first 90 days, we do not have the 3 right to raise it again ever if they're within 4 5 compliance. CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: Maybe that's what 6 7 needs to be changed. Then all you have to do is follow the process, increase the bond if necessary, once you 8 9 know it's actually necessary to be increased. 10 MR. ROGACZEWSKI: But right now I don't 11 think we have that. The way the statute is written, we 12 don't have that -- I don't think we have that ability to 13 do that. CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: Within the statute? 14 MR. ROGACZEWSKI: Within the statute, we 15 16 don't have that. 17 MS. NUTTBROCK: Mr. Chairman, it specifies 18 within 90 days after the limited mining operation 19 commences, the administrator has that flexibility. And that's true. That's true. Sometimes we don't know how 20 these operations are going to evolve over their life. I 21 22 would say this, though. If an operation initially begins 23 its life as something smaller than now the fifteen acres 24 and at some point in the future they wish to increase their disturbance area and submit a new notification 25

1 form, that's when we would have the option to say, okay,

2 you're increasing your number of acres up to that 3 fifteen.

So we would in some cases have the option to 4 look at what type of operation that has evolved into. 5 6 But typically, no. This LMO process is not a permit 7 process. It's a notification process. It was intended to be that way. And it was intended to be rather simple 8 9 and straightforward in saying here's a given dollar 10 amount per acre. And it's worked well in the past. And 11 I'm certainly happy to see the increase from \$1,000 to 12 \$2,000 an acre. And I think that's something we need to 13 remember here, is that we're wanting to maintain the 14 simplicity of the process, but we're certainly wanting to assure that the State is covered in its reclamation 15 16 liability.

17 CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: Any other comments,18 ideas or suggestions?

MR. SHOBER: Mr. Chairman, kind of after listening to this, it looks like it's the presence of a high wall and/or benches, and it's kind of related to depth. I mean, at Sundance, those limestone quarries over there, you can call them a quarry. You can call them what you want to. But typically, the limestone formation is not very deep. So, if you have a high wall,

1 it's not -- it's maybe ten or fifteen feet, is all it is. 2 But I could see other places that you could have -- and the same thing in a gravel operation. You could have 3 multiple benches going down. And so maybe there's the 4 answer to the definition of a quarry. When I look it up 5 6 in a dictionary, a quarry, it says it's sand to gravel or 7 building stones. And that kind of tells me that a gravel 8 pit, a river gravel pit, could be defined as a quarry. 9 So there's -- I mean, if I was an operator in a 10 permit, I would kind of like to have a little bit better 11 definition of what -- whether it's going to be 2,000 or 12 3,000. And maybe if there's a depth and something in 13 reference to a high wall and some benches, it would help 14 explain that. 15 MR. GREEN: Mr. Chairman, I guess I'll 16 just reiterate my suggestion. I agree with Mr. Shober, 17 but I also believe that with the additional flexibility 18 the Agency is after, I think if we can give them time to 19 develop that on a practical field basis, I think that 20 would be helpful. So I would reiterate my suggestion of 21 perhaps asking the Agency to modify the statement of 22 reasons to outline the plan for defining it. 23 CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: Anybody else? 24 (No response.) CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: Okay. Go forward. 25

1 MR. HULTS: I guess related to that, one 2 of the things our form asked for, the notification form, is the maximum depth of mining. So we do have some kind 3 of indication there when they initially submit that form. 4 5 I guess moving on to the operation, we've added 6 again the statutory language regarding -- or, requiring landowner's consent if the proposed operation is going to 7 8 be within 300 feet of any existing occupied dwelling and 9 the various types that are listed up there, a school, 10 church, community, park, cemetery. Again, this mirrors 11 the statutory language. In Section 6 we removed the Form 12 10 and just called it a notification. In subsection (8) 13 we had to update the ten to fifteen acres again to match 14 the new size limitation. And that is it for changes in Chapter 10. 15 16 And I thought it might just be helpful, too, to 17 just kind of pull up the statutory language so that you 18 can see some of the things that we're mirroring here. We 19 have the fifteen acres, excluding roads used to access

the mining operation. They've added the 30-day requirement before commencing operations. They've also 21 22 added that the notice has to be mailed to all surface 23 owners located within one mile.

20

24 The limitation regarding the setback of 300 25 feet, again, our language mirrors that. Here is the

bonding language here. So this is the language that was 1 2 added to statutes. And again, our language in the 3 proposed rules mirrors that. And with these legislative changes, without having those sideboards or moving 4 forward without this prior knowledge of how this is all 5 6 going to play out, I think our first step is to get that 7 language in there into our regulations and let them 8 develop over time, allowing our guidance documents to 9 kind of follow up behind that and flesh out the details 10 as we gain experience with that.

11 Some of these sections look new. What they 12 did, though, was reordered it. The statute previously 13 started at subsection (6) here. And the way the statute 14 read before was there was a subsection (7), subsection (8). What they did was made these subsections of that 15 16 initial subsection (6) to make it clear. It wasn't 17 entirely clear that, as you were talking or looking down 18 through the statutes, that these were modifications to 19 that initial statement about limited operations. So 20 subsection (c) and (d), those were already in 21 regulation -- or, in statute. They're just reordered and 22 renumbered.

And this here is the bonding language that was added to the statute. That just cleans up some of the -they had the list of what basically a limited mining

operation was. And so they clarified that by just saying 1 2 it's bonded under subsection (6), which is (e), and 3 that's the limited mining operations, clarified that it was just any noncoal mine. Hopefully it's grammatically 4 better. And again, they made that same kind of change 5 6 for initial bonds and subsequent bonds. So our intent 7 really was just to mirror this language. Hopefully that's a little more helpful. 8 9 And that was all I have as far as changes that 10 we have. I guess I could pull up that form if you wanted 11 to look at it. Again, we've basically just pulled out 12 those things I've discussed and revised the bonding 13 section, and that's pretty much it. 14 CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: Thank you, Craig. 15 Anything else? Any comments, suggestions, 16 additions, questions? 17 MR. GREEN: Mr. Chairman, if I might ask 18 just one question, if I might. 19 With the form outlining the projected depth of 20 the operation, if one of the annual inspections notes that the depth is actually in exceedance of that, does 21 22 that reset that 90-day clock for bonding considerations? 23 MR. ROGACZEWSKI: Mr. Chairman, my opinion would be no. Because I actually don't know if that 24 25 depth -- it's not supported by any rule or reg or

1 statute. So it's something we've asked for as a 2 generality of what type of mining operation it is. But I 3 do not know. I don't think we have any standing with the statute or rule and regs to actually know that. 4 5 MR. GREEN: I just thought that might --6 that might help to address the question about quarry, 7 versus nonquarry. 8 MR. HULTS: The depth of mining was 9 included in our form previously. There isn't any 10 statutory requirement to give us that information. So 11 it's just additional information that helps us -- to help 12 us administer the LMO. 13 MR. GREEN: Thank you. CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: Well, I guess, then, 14 we would entertain a motion. 15 16 MR. GREEN: I would move that we accept 17 the modified regulations as presented with the provision 18 that the introduction section of the statement of reasons 19 be modified to describe LQD's approach to defining quarry 20 over time and experience. 21 MR. SHOBER: Second. 22 CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: Okay. We have a 23 motion that's been moved and seconded. Any discussion on 24 the motion? 25 MR. JONES: Mr. Chairman, I'd ask

1 Mr. Green, would you want to also include in your motion 2 some kind of provision about the defining of the quarry in the future? I heard that discussion earlier, and I'm 3 not sure if --4 5 MR. GREEN: That's what I'm suggesting, that the modification of the statement of reasons 6 7 introduction just describe --8 MR. JONES: So that will handle that. MR. GREEN: Exactly. I'm suggesting that 9 10 as probably the best way to handle that so that everyone 11 involved knows what the process is going to be, that we 12 did, indeed, talk about quarry not being defined. 13 There's a reason for that. So, to me, that's the best resolution, I think. 14 15 MR. JONES: Okay. Thank you. 16 MR. GREEN: You bet. 17 CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: Craig, you and Nancy 18 were discussing something? 19 MR. HULTS: An agenda item. 20 CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: Okay. That's fine. I didn't want to go on without everybody having a chance at 21 22 this. 23 Well, it's been moved and seconded. All those 24 in favor? 25 (All members vote aye.)

1 CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: And seeing no opposed, 2 the motion passes. 3 Before we go on to any other agenda items, those of you, I assume, have all had a chance to read the 4 minutes from the last meeting, and so if we could 5 6 entertain a motion to approve those minutes. 7 MR. GREEN: I would so move to approve those minutes. 8 9 MR. COLLINS: I'll second. 10 CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: Moved and seconded. 11 All those in favor? 12 (All members vote aye.) 13 CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: Seeing no opposed, I 14 can sign this. 15 Any other items to come before this board 16 today? 17 MR. HULTS: Mr. Chairman, just as a matter 18 of protocol, it would be good if we formally get PRBRC's 19 comments into the record, either written or -- just so we 20 have that on the record. 21 CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: How do we want to do 22 that? 23 MR. HULTS: What I would propose is I will take those comments. We will have a response to comments 24 25 in our statement of reasons. But I just wanted to get

2 written comments that she could provide. 3 CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: Is that satisfactory? MS. ANDERSON: Mr. Chairman, that sounds 4 fine to us. Whatever is easiest for you. 5 6 CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: Thank you. Do we need 7 a motion on that? 8 MR. HULTS: I don't believe so. 9 CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: Okay. We're good. 10 Any other items to come before the board? 11 Nancy. 12 MS. NUTTBROCK: Mr. Chairman, if I could 13 just have a few minutes, I'd kind of like to discuss a matter of protocol with the board in terms of potentially 14 meeting via conference call or via GoToMeeting for 15 16 instances where -- we're required to meet quarterly. But in all instances, I'm not sure that we'll have a rule 17 18 package or something -- something to bring in a public 19 way where we want the public's input. But I certainly 20 want to meet the intent -- meet the intent of the statute 21 by meeting quarterly. 22 We may choose -- at some point we may choose to 23 entertain that and to do a conference call. And maybe it's a quarterly meeting, and we update you on any number 24

those actually into the record. I believe she does have

1

25 of general business items or something that you may be

0040

1 interested in. But I want to make sure that there's a 2 mechanism that we can satisfy our quarterly requirements 3 to meet, but yet in instances where I don't have something to present to you, that it's a good use of your 4 time, and we're not wasting time and money traveling to a 5 6 meeting when we could satisfy a simple requirement by 7 another means. 8 Is that something that you've done in the past or would be amenable to, Mr. Chairman? 9 10 CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: Not that I'm aware of. 11 And I think I've been here the longest. Maybe before 12 that. I guess I would ask you is there any definition or 13 requirement within a definition of quarterly meeting? 14 MS. NUTTBROCK: We've got our quarterly meetings scheduled, and I'd like to have them on our 15 16 calendar. That gives us some really good target dates 17 when we are working to promulgate rule packages. And it 18 also gives us a good opportunity to have a scheduled 19 endeavor with you and with members of the community to 20 look at different items. For example, I foresee, in the second or third 21 22 quarter of this year, using this meeting time to maybe 23 not necessarily advance a rule package, but to talk with a particular industry sector about electronic permitting, 24 25 some initiatives that we're working on in-house that we'd

1 like to get some public feedback on maybe from -- and 2 we're looking at doing so in industry sector by industry 3 sector, because they all do permitting in a little different way. But it wouldn't necessarily be something 4 that would require a vote on your part. 5 6 CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: I guess my question 7 was more along the lines, are we limited as to what we 8 can agree to by any statute or anything like that? 9 MS. NUTTBROCK: I don't believe so. In 10 terms of a quarterly meeting, you could run those 11 quarterly meetings in whatever way, as long as they fell 12 within a particular quarter. We couldn't do four 13 meetings on December 20th, 21st, 22nd, 23rd. Not that 14 I'd want to right before Christmas, anyways. But see 15 what I mean? They need to be -- they need to be 16 quarterly. It specifically states that. 17 But I think there's some flexibility for you to

18 say that if there's nothing that would require a vote, or 19 maybe because we have this space calendared and it's on 20 all of our calendars, and we use these dates to target 21 some of our internal work, I'd like to keep them but 22 maybe have some flexibility with you, Mr. Chairman, to 23 talk about whether or not it requires your presence, or 24 we can meet the statutory requirement by GoToMeeting or 25 by a conference call.

1

So just something I've been thinking about.

2 CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: How does the rest of 3 the board feel?

MR. GREEN: If I might, I think that the 4 flexibility of that sounds very good. I just have one 5 6 question, and that is, since these are public meetings, 7 under a GoToMeeting or a conference call scenario, I'm 8 assuming that there would be ample opportunity for the 9 public to be calling in or dialing into the GotoMeeting. 10 CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: I believe that the 11 public meeting requirement only comes in if we're going 12 to vote on something. So it's really not required, in my 13 knowledge. I just went to a board meeting class, and 14 there was an attorney there, and we discussed this. And 15 his view was that we can have whatever meetings we want. 16 And they do not have to be public. But if we're going to 17 vote on something, that has to not only be public at the 18 time we vote on it, but it has to be public when it's 19 discussed. We couldn't have one of these meetings and 20 discuss something that we're going to vote on later, because then it's a violation of the public meeting law, 21 22 my understanding. 23

23 MR. GREEN: Very good. Even better.
 24 CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: Would everybody be
 25 happy with a GoToMeeting conference type of situation

0043

1 when we're not discussing something that's going to be

2 voted on? 3 MR. SHOBER: I would be fine with it. 4 MR. GREEN: Absolutely. CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: Do we need a motion on 5 6 that? 7 MS. NUTTBROCK: I don't believe so. I 8 would propose, Mr. Chairman, that you and I just continue 9 to coordinate, that we speak four to six weeks before our 10 scheduled meeting times, and we could continue that 11 practice. 12 CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: Fine. 13 MS. NUTTBROCK: Craig just pointed out to 14 me, as well, corrected me in the fact that the statute actually reads that the board shall hold at least four 15 16 regularly scheduled meetings, but the special meetings 17 may be called if necessary at any time. 18 CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: Any preferences as to 19 conference call, versus a computer GoToMeeting type of 20 situation? 21 MR. SHOBER: I have attended both of them 22 both ways. And it's -- they're still kind of hard to --23 I mean, you sit there and you're staring at a phone or 24 something. And it's kind of -- because you don't see the 25 other people and the other parts of it. But I guess I

would rather do that than have to drive to Casper for a
 50-minute meeting.

3 MR. GREEN: Absolutely. MR. ROGACZEWSKI: Mr. Chairman, is there a 4 possibility to get something like Skype, where you could 5 6 actually have a camera? I don't know if we have those 7 abilities. You can actually see everybody on a screen 8 and still be able to see through the PowerPoint going on. 9 I don't know if those capabilities are available or not. 10 MS. NUTTBROCK: We could certainly 11 investigate those options. I think, given the context of 12 whatever discussion might merit, whether it be a simple 13 conference call or -- I guess what I envision happening 14 here, possibly, is that we would -- we would utilize this venue, this room, to conduct other business on our 15 16 regularly scheduled meetings, because we've got them 17 scheduled.

18 For example, the E-permitting, that's nothing that would necessarily require a vote, but yet you might 19 20 be interested to see what we're working on. So, in instances like that, Mr. Chairman, I'd certainly discuss 21 22 the intent of the meeting with you. And certainly in 23 those instances, you'd be welcome to attend. And if we needed to satisfy the requirements of our second or third 24 25 or fourth regularly scheduled meeting, we could do so by

1 conference call beforehand or something like that.

2	I just wanted to make sure you know that I'm
3	open to some flexibility. I know that summer calendars
4	really get busy. And I want to be respectful of your
5	time, in that I certainly would save you a trip down to
6	Casper if it wasn't necessary.
7	CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: Well, it sounds to me
8	like everybody up here is in agreement with that. We do
9	not have a problem.
10	Other items on the agenda?
11	MS. NUTTBROCK: That's all I have,
12	Mr. Chairman.
13	CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: I have one request.
14	This blower back here, when we're using this room and
15	we're sitting up here, if we could turn it off. It makes
16	it very difficult to hear. It's a background noise.
17	MR. MOXLEY: We don't hear it out here.
18	CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: You don't hear it down
19	there, and then I don't hear you down there. And, of
20	course, this might be an old-person problem, which I
21	qualify for. But that background noise certainly and
22	I don't think it's necessary if we're just going to be
23	here if we need it, we can always turn it back on.
24	But it's been going the entire time.
25	MS. NUTTBROCK: I'm certain we can arrange

```
1
    to have that shut off.
 2
                    CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: If it's possible. If
 3
    it's possible.
               Nothing else? Well, then I guess we would
 4
     entertain a motion to adjourn.
 5
                    MR. COLLINS: So moved.
 6
                    MR. GREEN: I'll second.
 7
                    CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: Moved and seconded.
 8
 9
    All those in favor?
10
                      (All members vote aye.)
11
                     CHAIRMAN GAMPETRO: Seeing none opposed,
12
    the motion carries. And I thank you all very much for
    all of your hard work and for attending and putting
13
14
    comments in and so on.
15
                         (Hearing proceedings concluded
16
                         11:24 a.m., March 25, 2013.)
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
```

1	CERTIFICATE
2	
3	I, RANDY A. HATLESTAD, a Registered Merit
4	Reporter, do hereby certify that I reported by machine
5	shorthand the proceedings contained herein constituting a
6	full, true and correct transcript.
7	
8	Dated this 4th day of April, 2013.
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
	RANDY A. HATLESTAD
15	Registered Merit Reporter
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	